

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY
A. G. HODGES, Thos. J. Todd, John W. Pruett & John W. Finnell,
UNDER THE FIRM OF
A. G. HODGES & CO.
J. W. FINNELL, EDITOR.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:
For the "Daily Commonwealth," printed on a large mammoth sheet, will hereafter be furnished to subscribers at \$2, in advance, or \$2 50 at the expiration of six months.
The "Weekly Commonwealth" will be furnished to subscribers during the Session of the Legislature, for 50 cents in advance.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING:
For 10 lines or less, to those who are Daily Subscribers during the Session of the Legislature, . . . \$1 00
And for each additional 10 lines, to Daily Session Subscribers, . . . 1 00
For 10 lines, for a single insertion, . . . 50
And for each insertion of the same advertisement, after the first, of 10 lines or less, . . . 10
For any number of lines over 10 and not exceeding 50, first insertion, . . . 80
And for each insertion of the same advertisement, over 10 and not exceeding 50 lines, . . . 15
Longer advertisements will be inserted on liberal terms.

General Advertisements.
JAMES M. DOTY,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
GLASGOW, KENTUCKY.
WILL give his prompt attention to all business committed to his care, in the counties of Warren, Green, Hart, Edmonson, Warren, Monroe, Cumberland and Adams, and will attend especially to the collection of claims in those counties.
January 20, 1846-697-wly

LAW NOTICE.
FRANKLIN BALLINGER, late of Harrodsburg, Kentucky, is now permanently settled in Harrodsburg, Kentucky. He will attend to any business in the line of his profession which may be confided to his care in Mercer or any of the adjoining counties, or in the Federal Court, General Court, or Court of Appeals, which sit in Frankfort.
Feb. 17, 1846-697-by

LAW NOTICE.
FITCH MINGER, Attorney at Law, Carlisle, Nicholas county, Kentucky.
WILL attend to all business entrusted to him in the county of Nicholas and surrounding counties.
S. T. WALL, { Covington, Ky.
N. L. FINNELL, {
JOHN W. FINNELL, {
Carlisle, Sept. 8, 1846-726-4f

WILLIAM SAMPSON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, BIRKSVILLE, KENTUCKY.
WILL practice in the Courts held in Cumberland and the adjoining counties.
March 17, 1846-701

MANSON HOUSE,
Corner of Main and St. Clair Streets, Frankfort, Ky.
As A. J. WEST, late of Cincinnati, and MRS. E. P. GRIMES, of the Olympian Springs, respectively announce to their friends and the public generally, that they have taken this large and commodious establishment, and are prepared to entertain their guests in the best manner. The house is elegantly situated, being about equidistant from the Steamboat Landing and the Capitol grounds; is now undergoing a thorough refitting and repainting, in such a style as will make it a thorough and very best Hotel in the Western Country.
The proprietors will endeavor, in all things, to promote the comfort and convenience of those who may honor them with a visit; and hope that their long experience in the business will enable them to merit a liberal share of public favor.
The house is well adapted for a Hotel; the rooms are large and comfortable; the furniture is of the best quality. All the stages necessarily pass by, or start from this house, daily.
Frankfort, Ky., Dec. 8, 1846-7-9-4f

WEISGER HOUSE,
FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY.
THOMAS S. TROBOLD informs the numerous patrons of this old and celebrated House, his friends and the public generally, that having purchased the extensive Hotel buildings, furniture, grounds and stables, and become sole proprietor, the establishment will be kept up in a state of the utmost efficiency. No effort will be spared to make the Weisger House one of the best Hotels in the Union, special attention and supervision being directed to every department connected with the accommodation, comfort and enjoyment of patrons. The Chambers, the Beds, the Parlors, the Pleasure Grounds, will all be abundantly provided and arranged with the view to the utmost satisfaction of travellers, sojourners and permanent boarders, both in winter and summer. Strict attention will be given to the service of Stage, Steamboat and Railroad passengers, in facilitating their arrival and departure, having abundant advantages in this respect. The eligibility of the Weisger House as a summer abode for Southern families, is submitted for their consideration. The beautiful and picturesque scenery around Frankfort, uniting this place with the various enjoyments of a large city with the pleasant situation of a rural retreat, commend it strongly to Southern patronage.
In short, the long established high character of the House, will be, to say the least, fully sustained.
December 9, 1846-697-4f

HOUSE OF ENTERTAINMENT,
LEXINGTON HILL.
THE subscriber still continues to keep the above named House, for the accommodation of travellers, on reasonable terms. Thankful for past favors, he hopes by strict attention to his business to have a continuance of the same.
He has likewise, a well selected assortment of FAMILY GROCERIES, (which he intends to keep up,) which he will sell for cash or in exchange for country produce.
Nov. 25, 1845-684-4f JAMES R. PAGE.

DR. BEN. HENSLEY, JR.,
WILL practice medicine in Frankfort, on the adjacent country. Office on the West side of St. Clair street, in the room formerly occupied by Dr. Wilson, and one door below Morehead & Reed's Law Office.
Through the various charitable institutions of a large city, to one of which, (Philadelphia Hospital, Blockley,) he was appointed a "Resident Surgeon." Dr. H. amassed a fund of practical information that, otherwise, would have required years of an ordinary practice.
March 24, 1846-702-4f

JOHN C. HERNDON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY.
WILL practice in the County Court in Frankfort, and in the Anderson, Owen, Woodford, and Shelby Circuit Courts, and will attend to the collection of debts in any part of the State. Office on St. Clair street, 24 door above the Court House.
April 1, 1844-599-4f

J. HARLAN & G. W. CRADDOCK,
WILL practice Law in co-partnership in the different Courts holding their sessions in Frankfort, on reasonable terms. Office on St. Clair street. Frankfort, April 1, 1844-599-4f

HOUSE AND LOTS FOR SALE.
DESIRING to take a residence more retired, I will sell, if early application be made, my house and lots in Frankfort, on Ann and Mero streets. The buildings are in excellent order and embrace superior accommodations for a town residence. The garden is perhaps one of the best stocked, for its size, in the Western country, abounding in every production, adapted to the climate, necessary to the comfort and luxury of a family. The collection of fruit and ornamental trees, grapes, shrubs, flowers, &c. &c. is exceedingly choice in every department, among which, are nearly 100 varieties of superb roses.
Besides the lot of 100 feet front on Ann, attached to the house, there are three elegant building lots, two of 50 and one of 40 feet front on Ann, 300 feet deep to an alley, the latter fronting 200 feet on Mero. I will sell in parcels, or the whole together. Terms liberal, made known on application. THO. B. STEVENSON.
April 21, 1846-705-4f

CEMETERY LOTS.
PERSONS desiring to procure LOTS in the NEW CEMETERY, can do so by calling on E. H. TAYLOR, Treasurer. Those persons who have already purchased, will please call on him at the Bank, to make the first installment, and execute their notes for the two last installments.
Frankfort, Nov. 4, 1845-692-4f

NOTICE.
ALL persons indebted to me by note or account, are requested to call upon W. T. Herndon, who is my attorney in fact, and alone authorized to collect and receive the same.
Oct. 28, 1845-691-4f W. T. HERNDON.

General Advertisements.
INSURANCE.
THE LEXINGTON FIRE, LIFE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY.
CHARTERED IN 1836.
CAPITAL--\$300,000!

WILL insure Buildings, Furniture, Merchandise, &c. against loss or damage by fire, in town or country. Steam and Keel boats, and their cargoes, against the damages of river navigation.
The lives of Slaves are also insured by this Company.
R. H. CRITTENDEN, Agent.
Office at Todd & Crittenden's Counting Room.
September 8, 1846-720-4f

INSURANCE.
KENTUCKY AND LOUISVILLE MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY.
WILL insure Buildings, Furniture and Merchandise against loss or damage by fire, in Town or Country.
R. H. CRITTENDEN, Agent.
May 27, 1846-659-4f

LIFE INSURANCE.
NAUTILUS (Mutual Life) Insurance Company, No. 58, Wall Street.—After mature deliberation, the Trustees have become convinced of the advantages of old established companies fully warrant the conclusion, that the advantages of Life Insurance on the Mutual plan, may be extended and diffused with greater convenience to a large class of contributors, and with equal security to all the assured, by requiring no different amount of the premium to be paid in cash than the company will require to meet its engagements with promptitude and fidelity.
It has accordingly been determined that in all cases where the annual premium shall amount to \$30, and 60 per cent thereof shall have been paid in cash, an approved note may be given for the remaining 40 per cent, payable twelve months after date, bearing six per cent interest. The interest to be paid annually, but the principal not to be called in unless the exigencies of the company require it, giving sixty days notice, and then only by assessments pro rata to the extent that may be required to meet the engagements of the company.
It is confidently anticipated that a system, the operation of which is so fair and equitable, so well calculated to place the benefits and blessings of Life Insurance within the reach of all, and at the same time enable each contributor to share equally and fully not only in its beneficial security, but also in its profits of accumulation, will meet, as it is believed to deserve, the favor and confidence of the public.
The particular advantages offered by this company, are:
1. A guaranteed capital.
2. An equal participation in the profits.
3. No individual responsibility beyond the amount of premium.
4. Those who insure for a less period than life, participate equally in the annual profits of the company.
The Associates company continues its business exclusively to Insurance on Lives, and all Insurance appertaining to Life.
The Rates of Insurance on One Hundred Dollars:

Age.	One Year.	Seven Years.	For Life.
15	77	88	1 50
20	91	95	1 77
25	1 00	1 12	2 04
30	1 21	1 36	2 36
35	1 39	1 53	2 95
40	1 69	1 83	3 20
45	1 91	1 96	3 73
50	2 29	2 33	4 69
55	2 92	3 21	5 74
60	4 33	4 91	7 00

TRUSTEES.
James D. Ogden, Richard E. Purdy, Thos. W. Ludlow,
James Brown, O. Bushnell, C. F. Lindsay,
H. V. Hicks, Richard M. Smith, A. M. Merchant,
A. Norrie, D. A. Comstock, John Cryder,
P. M. Wetmore, James Harper, R. H. Morris,
Robert B. Coleman, R. F. Carman, Spencer S. Benedict,
M. O. Roberts, Wm. H. Aspinwall, Loring Andrews,
Henry K. Bogert.
JAMES D. OGDEN, President.
A. M. MERCHANT, Vice President.

LEWIS BENTON, Secretary.
PLINY FREEMAN, Attorney.
Having been appointed Agent for the above Company, I am prepared to take risks on Lives as low as any office in the East or West.
Applications from the country (post paid) will be promptly attended to.
Losses adjusted in this town without delay.
Office at the Frankfort Branch Bank.
Dr. Lewis Saad, Medical Examiner.
Frankfort, Ky., June 23, 1846. 715-4f

Office of the Nautilus Mutual Life Insurance Company, No. 58, Wall Street.
In conformity with the provisions of the charter, the following statement is published:
During the past year, being the first of the Company's business, 449 Policies have been issued, the premiums on which were . . . \$22,629 71
The amount earned during the year have been . . . 10,331 92
The expenses have been for Re-insurance, \$ 325 79
Charter, Salary, Office Furniture, Printing, Advertising and other expenses, . . . 3,365 13
For Agency expenses, Commission, &c., . . . 1,239 84
5,140 76
Losses none.
And the Company have declared a dividend of 50 per cent, on the amount of net earned premiums for the year, which is passed to the credit of the respective parties.
The Company also present the following statement of Assets:
\$5,000 New York 5 per cent. Stock, cost . . . \$4,762 50
Cash in Bank . . . 4,457 59
Cash on hand and in the hands of Agents . . . 5,718 75
Notes for premiums in advance . . . 50,675 51
\$63,516 63

FIRE FIRE! FIRE!!!
THE NATIONAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK, have appointed the undersigned their Agent, who is authorized to issue Policies on Buildings, Merchandise, &c., against loss or damage by Fire in Town or Country; Steam or Keel Boats, or their cargoes, against the damages of River Navigation.
Office at the Counting Room of Ferguson & Macklin, Frankfort, Ky.
JAMES FERGUSON, Agent.
June 16, 1846-714-4f

Protection Insurance Company
Of Hartford, Connecticut.
THE undersigned will issue policies of every description of Buildings and Goods, Wares and Merchandise, contained therein, against loss or damage by Fire, and on the cargoes of Steam Boats, against the perils of the river, and on the cargoes of vessels against perils of the sea and lakes, on the most favorable terms.
All claims for loss arising under policies issued by me, will be promptly adjusted by the General Agent, at Cincinnati, Ohio. Office at the Counting Room of Lindsey & Reese, St. Clair street, Frankfort.
LAZ. LINDSEY, Agent.
June 9, 1846-713-4f

Last Notice.
ALL those having running accounts with the KENTUCKY PENITENTIARY, are notified that it is the order of the Board of Prisoners, who is authorized to settle accounts must be closed forthwith. We will keep this notice before the public until the first of February next, at which time all unsettled accounts will be placed in the hands of officers of the law for collection. We hope our friends and the public will view this notice in a proper light, as we have but one way to act, in accordance with our duty.
CRAIG & HENRY.
January 3, 1847

Wanted.
A LARGE lot of COOPER'S STOCK, such as PORK BARREL STAVES and HEADING, WHISKY BARREL, FLOUR BARREL, LARD BARREL, &c. &c. do—up fourth heading in all cases; timber to be of the best white or burr Oak. Also a quantity of HOOP POLES, to be furnished next season, for which the highest price will be paid in cash and Penitentiary articles when the above stock is delivered at the Kentucky Penitentiary. Bills will be furnished on application, giving a description of each variety.
The public are hereby notified, that from the first of next September we will be prepared to furnish every variety of Barrels, Kegs, &c., at the lowest cash prices.
CRAIG & HENRY.
January 4, 1847

Frankfort Advertisements.
Bargains! Bargains!! Bargains!!!
B. F. JOHNSON & Co.
BEING desirous of reducing their stock of Merchandise as low as possible, previous to making their Spring importation, have determined to offer great bargains in Prints and Fancy Goods of all descriptions. Persons wishing to purchase such articles, would do well to call and examine.
We have on hand a small lot of Gentlemen's Russia, Beaver and Mole skin Hats, which we will close out at reduced prices.
Frankfort, Jan. 14, 1847

SECOND IMPORTATION
Of Fall and Winter Dry Goods.
G. S. & L. E. BACON,
A RE now receiving direct from New York and Philadelphia, a rare and beautiful assortment of FANCY GOODS for Ladies and Gentlemen's wear, which were selected with great care and taste by the junior partner, who has just returned from the East. We feel assured that persons would do well to call and examine our stock before they purchase elsewhere, as our assortment is general and complete, and would compare with the best in the West. Our late arrivals consist, in part, of the following articles, to-wit:
Rich Brocade and Spun Silks;
Paris Cashmeres;
Also, Hats, Caps, Shoes, Boots, &c. &c. &c.
We will trade for a good article of HEMP.
Frankfort, Ky., Dec. 1, 1846-738-4f

NEW GOODS,
No. 14, Main Street, Frankfort, Kentucky.
JOHN L. MOORE.
I S now in receipt of a very large and handsome stock of rich new style Staple and Fancy Fall and Winter Goods, selected by himself in the Eastern cities, with direct reference to the Tariff, (of course low.) He thinks his customers for the very liberal patronage heretofore given him, and solicits a continuance. Country goods taken and best prices given.
September 29, 1846-734-4f

ANOTHER ARRIVAL
AT THE
GREAT WESTERN CLOTHING STORE.
The best bargains ever offered in this Market.
THE LARGEST STOCK OF READY-MADE CLOTHING EVER BROUGHT TO FRANKFORT.
SOLOMON WEILER,
At the Great Western Fashionable Clothing Store, No. 3, Brown's building, and one door below the Commonwealth Office, St. Clair street, Frankfort, Ky., has the pleasure of announcing another arrival of very superior Clothing of the latest style, and made of very superior Goods, which was selected by himself with very great care, and was manufactured into garments under the supervision of an experienced Tailor, so that he is able to recommend his Clothing without fear of future reproach. He wishes to make rapid sales and is willing to sell at a very small profit, believing that "a humble six pence is better than a slow shilling." He will sell
Cloaks, alomade, at from \$13 to \$5.
Coats, Frocks and Dress, (French Cloth) from \$20 to \$25.
Great Cloth Coats, (superior) from \$10 to \$15.
Pilot Cloth Coats, (superior) from \$9 50 to \$8 50.
Blanket Coats, from \$7 25 to \$13.
French Cassimere Duckskin Coats, from \$7 50 to \$12.
Tweed Cassimere Coats, from \$4 to \$7.
Cassimere Coats, from \$3 50 to \$4 50.
Cassimere Coats, from \$6 to \$8.
A great variety of Sack Coats, from \$6 to \$16.
A beautiful assortment of Vests, all patterns, from 90 cts. to \$8.
Pantaloons of all sizes and patterns, from 10 cts. to \$8 50.
French Shirts of every quality, from 50 cts. to 90 cts.
Hats and Caps of latest style, from 60 cts. to \$10.
Drawers and under shirts, Cravats, Gloves, Fancy Scarfs, Handkerchiefs, &c. &c. of every quality, very low.

TRAVELING TRUNKS, a complete article.
The above articles were purchased for this market expressly. Natives, Denizens, citizens and strangers, Judges and Legislators, all are invited to call and examine this splendid stock before they purchase elsewhere.
Frankfort, Ky., November 24, 1846-737-4f

SUPERIOR HAVANA CIGARS.
100,000 VERY SUPERIOR CIGARS, (best brands) just received from the celebrated
WEILER'S GREAT WESTERN CLOTHING STORE.
Nov. 24, 1846-737

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.
THE partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, in this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons having claims against the firm of S. WEILER & BROTHER, will please present them for payment to the undersigned, or be requested to call and settle immediately.
Nov. 24, 1846-737
SOL. WEILER,
SAM. WEILER.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.
FASHIONABLE BOOT AND SHOE MAKER.
JACOB PIPER.
RETURNS thanks to his friends and patrons for the liberal share of patronage they have heretofore extended to him, and still invites them to continue their favors. His Shop is on St. Clair street, one door below the "Great Western Clothing Store," where he will be pleased to attend to all orders in his line. He has furnished himself with the new style of lasts, and warrants his work to be as good as any done in the East. He solicits patronage, and will be thankful for small favors.
Frankfort, Ky., Sept. 14, 1846-704-4f

NEW LIVERY STABLE.
HENRY GILBERT.
RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public generally, that he has completed his large new stable opposite the Mansion House, and is ready to furnish all who may favor him with a call, with first rate Riding Horses, Buggies and Hacks, on the most reasonable terms.
He has lately purchased a fine new six passenger Coach, which can be had at all hours of the day or night, with a careful driver.
Horses gaited, pricked, nicked, &c. on very moderate terms. Horses kept by the day, week, month or year.
A portion of the public patronage is respectfully solicited.
Frankfort, Sept. 23, 1846-676-4f

TONSorial INSTITUTE.
HENRY SAMUEL,
BARBER AND HAIR DRESSER.
(A new and improved mode of cutting hair, and a new system of dressing the hair, for the liberal share of patronage they have heretofore extended to him, and still invites them to continue their favors. His Shop is on St. Clair street, one door below the "Great Western Clothing Store," where he will be pleased to attend to all orders in his line. He has furnished himself with the new style of lasts, and warrants his work to be as good as any done in the East. He solicits patronage, and will be thankful for small favors.
Frankfort, Ky., Sept. 14, 1846-704-4f

RAISINS.
10 BOXES M. Raisins; 6 quarter boxes do.; just received and for sale by
TODD & CRITTENDEN.
January 12, 1847

Tobacco.
2 BOXES 1 lump; 5 boxes 12 lump Kentucky Tobacco; just received and for sale by
TODD & CRITTENDEN.
January 12, 1847

Coffee.
25 SACKS Rio Coffee; 10 sacks old Java Coffee; 5 sacks Laguayra Coffee; just received and for sale by
TODD & CRITTENDEN.
January 12, 1847

Sugar.
5 HDS. (new crop) New Orleans Sugar, prime article; 5 hds. do do do fair article; just received and for sale by
TODD & CRITTENDEN.
January 12, 1847

Loaf Sugar!
5 boxes Philadelphia Loaf Sugar; 3 hds, second rate Loaf Sugar; just received, and for sale by
TODD & CRITTENDEN.
Jan. 12, 1847

Portrait and Miniature Painting.
MR. GORMAN—(The Artist.)
BEGS leave to inform the Ladies and Gentlemen in Frankfort and vicinity, that he has opened his Studio on the west side of St. Clair Street, over the Store of Messrs. Pierson & Meriwether, between Main Street and the Capitol, where persons desiring faithful likenesses may be accommodated on the most liberal terms.
Please call and see some of his specimens of the above art.
Frankfort, January 21, 1847.

General Advertisements.
BARGAINS.
Warren & Aldridge's
Stock of Law, Medical, Historical, School and Miscellaneous BOOKS;
Full and Half Bound Blank Books;
STATIONERY OF ALL KINDS;
Rogers & Son and Westholm's FINE PEN AND POCKET KNIVES, and many other articles in the Bookstore line, selling off at first cost, and no mistake, at
TAYLOR & KENNAN'S AUCTION ROOMS.
Frankfort, January 12, 1847-104f

Kentucky Reports.
A complete set of REPORTS OF DECISIONS OF THE Court of Appeals of Kentucky, for 1846.
Apply at this Office.
January 12, 1847

FAIR FOR SALE.
THE subscribers wish to sell the FARM formerly occupied by SAMUEL WARE, dec'd., situated on the Frankfort and Versailles Turnpike road, about 5 miles from Frankfort, containing about 232 ACRES. There are on the premises good improvements of all descriptions, with good Orchards of choice Fruits, &c. The Land is unsurpassed by any in this county. The subscribers deem it unnecessary to describe the place more fully, as any one desirous of purchasing, will of course call and see it. The terms, and price, will be made known on application to either of the subscribers on the place.
J. R. WARE,
H. R. WARE,
W. S. WARE.
Franklin county, Nov. 17, 1846-726-4f

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!!
R. KNOTT,
I S now receiving and opening a large and splendid assortment of STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS, purchased from recent arrivals in New York and Philadelphia. His stock, when all received, will be unusually large, and almost entirely new. He would respectfully invite his friends and the public generally, to call and examine his stock, before making their purchases. His stock consists of all the articles usually kept in Dry Goods Houses in this place, but special attention has been paid to
LADIES DRESS GOODS.
and he will add, that he thinks his stock will now compare favorably with any stock of Dry Goods in the West, having been selected by himself with great care.
Taxes—Cash, or to prompt customers on the usual credit.
He would respectfully invite his friends and the public generally, to call and examine his stock, before making their purchases. N. B. All kinds of country produce taken in exchange for Goods.
Frankfort, Oct. 12, 1846-706-4f

Newell's Block, No. 1,
ANN STREET, FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY.
THE subscriber takes this method of informing his patrons and the public generally, that he has removed his Store to the New Building adjoining the Market House, where he intends offering bargains to all who give him a call. Having added a general assortment of Family Groceries and Country Produce to his Stock, he invites Families especially to give him a call.
Hardware and Cutlery.
A general assortment of Hardware, Cutlery, Nails, &c.
GROCERIES.
New Orleans Sugar; crushed Sugar; superior Rio and Java Coffee; Molasses; Mackerel; Gunpowder and Black Teas; Salted meats; sifed and ground Pepper; Mace; Cloves; Cinnamon; Starch; Cranberries, &c. &c.
PRODUCE.
Steakman's FLOUR and MEAL, at Market prices; Potatoes; Turnips; Butter; Eggs, &c. &c.
PAINTS, OILS AND GLASS.
Glass, assorted sizes; Glue; Venetian Red; Spanish Brown; Litharge; Turpentine; Linseed Oil; Copal Varnish, &c.
OLD LIQUORS.
100 Bottles Brandy; 70 bottles Champagne Wine; 50 Bottles L. P. W. Wine; 20 bottles Claret Wine; 200 Bottles best Whiskey in town.
Persons who have marketable Country Produce, can find a sale far same, at
R. S. HOLTON'S.
January 12, 1847

Weisger House Livery Stable.
JAMES W. FENWICK,
RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public generally, that he has taken the large and commodious STABLES attached to the Weisger House, Frankfort, Kentucky, and his thoroughy re-fitted them, and provided them with new, large and comfortable Stalls.
He has Coaches and Hacks, good Horses, and careful drivers; Buggies and Saddle Horses, to hire on moderate terms. Apply at the Bar of the Weisger House, or at the Stable. Horses kept by the day, week, month or year—at the usual prices.
Mr. F. will now or carry Horses for the Saddle, and Break them to harness if desired.
Frankfort, January 12, 1847-144-by&d

DOCTORS PHYTHIAN & WATSON
HAVE this day associated themselves in the practice of PHYSIC and SURGERY.
DOCTOR PHYTHIAN, who has given his chief attention to Surgery, Obstetrics and Diseases of Women and Children—branches of the profession in which he has been extensively engaged for sixteen years. He is a Licentiate of the Royal College of Surgeons (London), and was for four years a dresser in St. Thomas' Hospital, under Sir Astley Cooper.
Office on St. Clair Street, near the Bridge.
Paris, January 4, 1847-*

No Cure no Pay!!!
DR. JAMES C. GRIFFIN—PARIS, KY.
CONTINUES to treat "Fistula in Ano," on new and improved principles, without resort to Surgical Operation, the patient being at liberty to consult any reputable Physician as to the soundness of cure.
Residence at Esq. TALBUTT'S HOTEL.
Paris, January 4, 1847-*

FRANKFORT IRON AND BRASS FOUNDRY.
A. P. TAYLOR,
(Corner of High and Broadway Streets.)
RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of Frankfort, and the public generally, that he is now prepared to cast all kinds of IRON AND BRASS CASTINGS to order, in the neatest style, and on as liberal terms as they can be cast in Louisville or Cincinnati. He stocks the extensive assortment of iron and brass manufactures, as it is the true basis to produce wealth at home.
He is also prepared to make and repair all kinds of Machinery, Mill Gear, Thrashing Machines, Corn Shellers, Mill Screws, Tobacco Screws, &c. &c.
He will purchase all kinds of Old Iron, Brass, Lead and Pewter, and give the highest price for the same.
Frankfort, July 14, 1846-718-4f

DISSOLUTION.
THE firm of LINDSEY & REESE, Commission Merchants, Frankfort, Ky., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. L. Lindsey is alone authorized to settle the business, as all the claims have been transferred to him.
L. Lindsey will continue the business at the same place.
L. LINDSEY,
R. H. REESE.
Sept. 8, 1846-7-6-4f

Hardware.
5 DOZ. SPANISH 5 dozen Axes Shovels; Grubbing; Hand Saws; Wood Saws; Collins' Axes; Hatchets; Screws; Butts, Hinges and Latches; Seives; Trace Chains; Anvils; Coffee Mills; Iron Squares; Mason's Trowels; Drawing Knives; Straw Knives; Biter Saws; Strap Hinges; and Irons, just received and for sale by
TODD & CRITTENDEN.
January 7, 1847

Dissolution.
THE partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, in this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons having claims against the firm will present them to J. W. Winn, who is alone authorized to settle the business.
J. W. WINN continues at his old stand.
JNO. W. WINN,
THOS. J. WINN.
January 4, 1847

Loaf Sugar!
5 boxes Philadelphia Loaf Sugar; 3 hds, second rate Loaf Sugar; just received, and for sale by
TODD & CRITTENDEN.
Jan. 12, 1847

Portrait and Miniature Painting.
MR. GORMAN—(The Artist.)
BEGS leave to inform the Ladies and Gentlemen in Frankfort and vicinity, that he has opened his Studio on the west side of St. Clair Street, over the Store of Messrs. Pierson & Meriwether, between Main Street and the Capitol, where persons desiring faithful likenesses may be accommodated on the most liberal terms.
Please call and see some of his specimens of the above art.
Frankfort, January 21, 1847.

Forwarding Merchants.
THE subscribers will give particular attention, and quick dispatch to all Goods marked and consigned to their care, at low rates of charges.
GREENE & CO.,
Pratt Street Depot, Baltimore.
REFERENCES:—J. Watson & Co., Frankfort.
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John P. Agnew, { Wheeling.
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N. B.—GREENE & CO. are Agents for the FOUR DAYS LINE, and will give through receipts for Goods from Baltimore to Wheeling.
Baltimore, Jan. 1, 1847

Cincinnati Advertisements.
Daily Eastern and Western Express.
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Connecting at Baltimore with ADAMS & CO'S Eastern Expresses.
ARE NOW RUNNING A DAILY LINK through from Boston to Cincinnati and Louisville, in SEVEN DAYS from NEW YORK, or FIVE from PHILADELPHIA to CINCINNATI, sending Boxes, Bales or Packages of any size or weight through in this short time.
Through receipts will be furnished for all Goods left at the Offices of ADAMS & CO., Boston, New York, Philadelphia, or GREENE & CO., Baltimore, marked "Packages Greene & Co's Express."
If Packages sent to any part of the East, South, or West, Having an Agent in New Orleans, packages will be sent to any point on the Rio Grande.
If Goods for Frankfort, Lexington, and Kentucky River, will be forwarded from Cincinnati without delay.
If Packages going East, it sent to their Agent here, will meet with prompt attention.
S. A. JONES, Agent,
No. 10, Commercial Row, foot of Main st., Cincinnati
January 1, 1847

Forwarding.
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N. B.—GREENE & CO. are Agents for the FOUR DAYS LINE, and will give through receipts for Goods from Baltimore to Wheeling.
Baltimore, Jan. 1, 1847

J. S. Chenoweth & Co.,
(Late of Louisville, Ky.)
General Commission and Forwarding Merchants,
No. 12, Front street, East of Broadway, CINCINNATI, OHIO.
REFERENCES:—The Merchants of Louisville.
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Heron

THE DAILY COMMONWEAL.

FRANKFORT, WEDNESDAY, FEB. 10, 1847.

KENTUCKY LEGISLATURE.

IN SENATE.

TUESDAY, FEB. 9.

The Senate was opened with prayer by Rev. Mr. Norton.

Mr. BRADLEY, from committee on Enrollments, reported that said committee had examined sundry bills and found them duly enrolled, whereupon they were severally signed by the Speaker of the Senate. Petitions were presented by Senators Ballard, Tammam and Bristow, and appropriately referred.

Reports from Standing Committees.

Mr. HARDIN, from committee on Judiciary, reported a bill for the benefit of Elizabeth Jane Smith and others; passed.

Also—a bill to incorporate the Firemen's Insurance company of Lexington; passed.

Also—a bill from H. R. to amend the law in relation to guardians and wards, with amendments—amendments concurred in, and bill passed. (The bill provides, that when guardian and ward shall be non-resident's, and latter may have property in this State, the guardian may, upon producing due evidence to the proper court of this State, of his having given full bond in the State in which he resides, exercise all necessary control over the property of his ward in this State.)

Also—a bill from H. R. to amend an act reducing into one the several acts concerning the town of Danville; passed.

Also—a bill from H. R. for the benefit of Ann Neal, with amendments; amendments concurred in, and bill passed.

Also—a bill from H. R. for the benefit of James Pervis and wife, and Walter Johnson of Green county—authorizing the County Court to make allowances for their support—with an amendment requiring said allowance to be made—amendment concurred in, and bill passed.

Also—a bill from H. R. to amend the charter of the city of Louisville—directing a poll to be opened, and the power of the Mayor and Council to grant licenses to coffee houses, to depend upon the wishes of a majority of the citizens of said city, as expressed at the polls; passed.

Also—a bill from H. R. for the benefit of John W. Holtzclaw; passed.

Also—a bill from H. R. for the benefit of Elizabeth Bowen and children; passed.

Also—a bill from H. R. to change the time of holding the spring term of the Whitley circuit court to the 3rd Monday in March, and continue six judicial days; passed.

Also—a bill from H. R. for the benefit of Winston Mayo, clerk of the Johnson circuit court, and Daniel Hager, sheriff of Johnson county, allowing them further time to collect fee bills; passed.

Also—a bill from H. R. for the benefit of Geo. W. Jones and others—allowing a conveyance of land in Henry county; passed.

Also—a bill from H. R. directing special terms of the Circuit courts of Bath, Estill and Lewis counties; a criminal and chancery term in Bath, commencing on Tuesday succeeding 2nd Monday in July in each year and continue five days—special term for common law, chancery and criminal cases in Estill county, on Tuesday succeeding 3rd Monday in July of this year and continue five days—an additional criminal and chancery term to Lewis, commencing 2nd Monday in June next and continuing five days.

Also—a bill from H. R. for the benefit of A. M. Clifford, N. H. B. and Sydney T. Fontaine, praying authority for sale and conveyance of property in Louisville—with the opinion that it ought not to pass. Report concurred in, and bill rejected.

Mr. PEYTON, from the same committee, reported a bill from H. R. for the benefit of the Trustees of the town of Portland, authorizing sale of street, with amendment requiring concurrence of citizens on said street to sale; amendment concurred in, and bill passed.

Mr. CRENSHAW, from same committee, reported a bill for the benefit of David Bell Fry and Mary Jane Fry, authorizing sale of land in Madison county; passed.

Mr. WALKER, from committee on Propositions and Grievances, reported a bill from H. R. extending the Constable's district, including the town of Williamstown, in Grant county; and the district of Robt. C. Sweeney, Constable of Russell county; passed.

Also—a bill from H. R. to reduce the number of Justices of the Peace in Anderson county to eleven; passed.

Also—a bill allowing an additional Justice of the Peace to Caldwell county, who may reside where M. A. Rucker formerly lived; passed.

Also—a bill to incorporate the towns of Pikeville and Paintsville; referred to committee on Judiciary.

Also—a bill to allow an additional Justice of the Peace to Casey county; passed.

Also—a bill from H. R. to change the name of Pincheo, in Ohio county, to that of Rogersville; passed.

Also—a bill from H. R. for the benefit of Joseph C. Lynn, authorizing him to bring from Mississippi a family of slaves consisting of five; passed.

Also—a bill from H. R. to allow an additional constable to Pulaski county; passed.

Also—a bill from H. R. to change the names of Noah Sowders to Noah Humble, Wm. M. to Wm. T. S. Decoursey, David S. Lusk to Benjamin F. Blackburn, and Sally Muncy to Sarah Stivers; passed.

Mr. HAWKINS, from same committee, reported a bill from H. R. authorizing John Woodburn of Madison, Ia., to import a slave into this State, for the benefit of his daughter, living in Carroll county; passed.

Mr. J. SPED SMITH, from committee on Internal Improvement, reported a bill from H. R. to change the State road from Hopkinsville to Gray's ferry; passed.

Also—a resolution adverse to the petition of sundry citizens of Madison county; concurred in.

Mr. SWOPE, from same committee, reported a bill declaring a forfeiture of the charter of the Licking Navigation company.

On the motion of Mr. BOYD, the bill was passed into the orders of the day.

Mr. JAMES, from the committee on Finance, reported a bill in relation to the duties of the Clerks of the Circuit and County Courts; directing the 2d Auditor to deduct 25 per cent. from allowance to former for ex-officio services, and from allowance to latter, of compensation for copying Commissioner's books, in each case where the Clerk may fail to return within proper time the list of claims allowed by their respective courts; passed.

Also—a bill to authorize the several County Courts to grant licenses to wharf boats; read first and second times.

Also—a bill for the benefit of the Sheriff of Hopkins county, releasing him from costs and interest on a judgment had against him for part of revenue for said county for 1846, he having deposited the full amount of revenue in the Hopkinsville Bank, six days before judgment was entered.

Mr. BRADLEY spoke in high terms of this officer, and hoped the bill would pass.

The bill was passed.

Mr. BRAMLETTE offered the following joint resolution, and the rules having been dispensed with, the resolution was adopted:

Resolved by the General Assembly, &c., That they will, on the 15th day of February, 1847, proceed by joint vote of both houses, to the election of Public Officers of the State.

Leave was given to bring in the following bills, viz:

Mr. SOUTH, a bill to legalize the acts of Jackson Combs, surveyor of Perry county.

Mr. RUSSELL, a bill to amend the charter of the Frankfort Bridge Company; referred to committees to prepare and report said bills.

Orders of the Day.

The Senate resolved itself into committee of the whole, Mr. WILLIAMS in the chair, and entered upon the further consideration of the unfinished business of yesterday, being a bill limiting certain actions.

(The bill provides, that all action upon any note or obligation, shall be commenced within six years from the time the cause of action accrues, but not to apply to past obligations until three years after the passage of the act, and with the usual provision in favor of minors, feme covert and insane persons.)

After some time spent therein, on motion of Mr. PEYTON, the committee rose and reported the bill with its amendments to the Senate.

Upon concurring in the following amendment adopted in committee, viz:

Provided, That each defendant who shall take advantage of this act, by plea of limitation, shall file with such plea, his or her affidavit in writing, stating that the debt, the foundation of the act, has been paid, or is wholly unjust, unless such defendant shall be sued in his representative character, in which case, he shall be required to state, in said affidavit, that he verily believes said debt is wholly unjust, or has been paid, but no proof shall be required of the truth of said affidavit.

The yeas and nays were as follows, viz:

YEAS.—Messrs. Ballard, Boyd, Bradley, Bramlette, Brien, Bristow, Crenshaw, Evans, Holloway, James, Rice, Russell, Slaughter, Taylor, Thomas, Thornton, Thurman, Todd, Walker, Wall and Williams—21.

NAYS.—Messrs. Hardin, Hawkins, Helm, Key, McNary, Patterson, Peyton, J. Speed Smith, South, and Swope—10.

So the amendment was concurred in.

Mr. PEYTON remarked, that he considered the adoption of this amendment as a death blow to the bill, and would therefore move to lay the bill on the table, which motion was adopted.

The bill from H. R. to remove the county seat of Mason coming up.

On motion of Mr. KEY, its consideration was postponed until to-morrow.

Mr. HAWKINS moved, that counsel for the parties in this case, on behalf of Maysville, and one on the part of Washington, be admitted to the bar of the Senate, and heard for and against the bill.

Messrs. PEYTON, PATTERSON and J. SPEED SMITH opposed the motion upon principle—it being in their view wholly improper to admit legal counsel upon any question of this kind.

Mr. KEY hoped that the motion would pass, as the advocates for removal did not consider themselves represented on the floor of the Senate—his own individual interests being opposed to the removal.

The motion was negatived.

On motion of Mr. BOYD, the bill was made the special order for eleven o'clock to-morrow.

On motion the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Prayer by the Rev. Mr. WATERMAN.

The journal of yesterday was read by the clerk.

Mr. COVINGTON, from select committee, to whom was referred certain charges against the Surveyor of Trigg county, reported a resolution asking a discharge from further consideration of the charges; adopted.

A message was received from the Senate, announcing the passage of sundry bills, &c.

Petitions were presented by Messrs. Covington, Tandy, Gilbert, Page, Munford, Dickerson and Reed.

Mr. W. S. BOTTS obtained leave to bring in a bill for the benefit of Jeff Evans, of the county of Greenup.

Mr. GRAVES reported a bill to appropriate \$2,000 for clearing out obstructions in the Rolling Fork; referred.

Reports from Standing Committees.

The chairman of the committee on Religion reported against the petition of Anderson R. Murray.

Mr. ALEXANDER moved that the report of the committee be reversed. He supported his motion in a few remarks.

Mr. A. G. BOTTS supported the report of the committee.

Mr. REED followed in support of the motion, and believed this as meritorious a case as would be presented to the Legislature.

Mr. ARMSTRONG inquired if the parties had a remedy at law.

Mr. A. G. BOTTS replied that they had not.

After further remarks by Messrs. Armstrong, Haggard and Young, the previous question was ordered, when the report was concurred in.

Also—against the petition of Nelson Anderson for a divorce; concurred in.

Also—against the petition of Levi Crawley; concurred in.

Also—against the petition of John Whaley; concurred in.

Also—against the petition of Edward R. Snump and wife; concurred in.

Also—against the petition of Louisa Hagin.

Mr. WHITE remarked upon the facts of the case, and urged that the report of the committee be reversed.

The committee were instructed to report a bill.

Also—against the petition of John Bakely; concurred in.

Also—against the petition of Richard P. Neal; concurred in.

Also—against the petition of Thomas Cook.

Mr. MAYHALL made an explanation of the circumstances of the case, and desired a reversal of the report of the committee.

After further remarks from Messrs. Botts and English,

Mr. SMITH moved an amendment to the motion, that the committee be instructed to report a bill divorcing Thomas Cook and his wife, to which Mr. HOBBS moved an amendment.

The SPEAKER (Mr. Brown in the chair) decided the amendment out of order.

Messrs. ARMSTRONG and MAYHALL remarked further upon the motion, when the report of the committee was concurred in.

Also—against the petition of Joy Babbitt; concurred in.

Also—against the bill from the Senate for the divorce of Letitia Ann Casey.

Mr. SMITH stated that the husband of the petitioner was now incarcerated within the walls of the penitentiary. If there ever was a case which should be listened to, this was one.

After some remarks from Mr. ARMSTRONG, Mr. WORTHAM spoke, censuring the practice

of making so many long speeches, upon these divorce cases, when the previous question was ordered.

The yeas and nays were called for by Mr. ARMSTRONG, when the bill passed; yeas 52, nays 34.

Also—against the Senate bill for the divorce of Catharine W. Hutchinson.

Mr. GLENN urged the passage of the bill, and Mr. BOTTS replied.

Mr. PROCTER remarked upon the impropriety of consuming so much time upon divorce cases. He thought it a much better plan to permit the committee to report upon the merits of each case, and concur in their report.

The bill then passed.

Also—against the petition of James and Elizabeth Armstrong; concurred in.

Also—against the petition of Stephen Carpenter; concurred in.

Also—against the petition of Joseph James; concurred in.

Also—against the petition of Joseph Neaser; concurred in.

Also—against the petition of John—; concurred in.

Also—against a bill for the divorce of John S. Petty; concurred in.

Also—against the petition of Ellen Honeycut; concurred in.

Also—against the petition of Mahalial Askins.

Mr. MAYHALL stated the circumstances of the case, and urged the passage of the bill. The previous question being ordered, the committee were instructed to report a bill.

Also—against the petition of Phebe Wilkins.

Mr. JOHNSTON moved to reverse the report of the committee, and stated the grounds on which a divorce was asked.

After further discussion the previous question was demanded, and the report was concurred in—yeas 35, nays 54.

Orders of the Day.

The House then went into committee of the whole, Mr. DESHA in the chair, on the bill to incorporate the Licking and Lexington Railroad Company.

Mr. W. S. BOTTS offered an amendment to the amendment of Mr. GLENN, requiring a tax to be levied on each share of the stock of the company.

Mr. GLENN accepted the amendment in the place of that proposed by himself.

Mr. BOTTS remarked that he did not oppose the measure because it interfered with any present improvements. He was opposed to monopolies of whatever character.

The amendment proposed a tax to be levied on the stock of the road, similar to that paid by the holders of bank stock. He believed this would be equitable and just.

Mr. STEVENSON then addressed the House at length upon the various topics connected with this bill, and the interests which were to be affected by it. He felt a deep interest in the bill, an interest which he would not attempt to conceal, an interest which concerned not only the extensive country through which the proposed railroad would pass, and the sections immediately contiguous to them, but which respected the wealth, the revenue and the prosperity of the whole State of Kentucky. He proposed first to show that the proposed road would bring an increased amount of money into the treasury; not by theories in political economy but by the examples of other States. That this would be effected, not by direct revenue arising from the road, but from the increased value of the lands in its vicinity, and of property, by which those who at present pay no more than two dollars, would then pay three dollars.

He assumed that labor was wealth—that when the amount or the facilities of labor were increased in a State, by so much was the wealth of that State augmented. The great extent to which the division of labor was carried in some countries, and the wealth resulting therefrom was alluded to. Along the line of the railroad, not only would a market be opened for all the surplus products of those counties which now were shut out from market, but the very labor necessary to take them there would be diminished in a great proportion. The servants who now toiled on their way to market, would then apply their labors to delving in the soil, and the cattle which were necessary, would be dispensed with, and not only their value be saved, but also that which they were wont to consume.

An instance had been related to him by the Editor of the Cincinnati Gazette, where a farmer residing but twenty-eight miles from the city, had never brought a pound of butter, or a quart of milk to market. A railroad was constructed by his door, and the last year he had cleared some \$4,200 on these articles from his farm.

In this way we increase the wealth, add to the strength and bind together in unity, our common Country.

Mr. S. here read a table of statistics showing the increase in the value of land, and in the taxable property of the counties along the Kentucky, Green and Barren rivers, since the commencement of the improvements of those rivers, showing a constant and rapid increase in all of them. To what was this due? It could be attributed to nothing but the improvements of the rivers.

He had spoken of the coal, of the iron, and of the various productions of the mountains. It was because if the road should be built, a new avenue would be opened to these productions. They could then have a selection in markets—either take the old channel to Louisville or the new to Cincinnati. He was not in favor of building up any particular city. He was attached to this commonwealth, and to the whole of it, and it was not the interest of the State to force trade in any particular channel to favor a city. Trade could not be forced—it would not be confined nor restrained.

He was not opposed to monopolies in themselves, but they should be properly guarded and restricted. He was not so anxious to secure the interests of any one part of the commonwealth as to neglect the interest of the whole State. Therefore he would insert as a condition of the charter some such provision as that proposed by his friend from Todd, yesterday.

Mr. S. next alluded to the statistics of the counties of Harrison, Pendleton, Boone, Campbell and Kenton; counties without a turnpike road, or slack water within their limits, and showed the amount of revenue which they paid into the treasury. He alluded to the rapid growth of Cincinnati as a living example of what can be accomplished by enterprise and energy; and to the examples of other States in constructing their railroads and canals, and invoked Kentucky to arouse from her Rip Van Winkle sleep and prosecute some of her much needed works. It was said that the work proposed would injure the works already completed on the Kentucky river. It would do no such thing; but if it did, let them go; he would sooner tear out the locks and dams than attempt to turn the course of agricultural products up stream. It was a virtual agreement before the works of internal improvement were commenced, that each section of the State should have its share, the northern, the middle and the southern. The Kentucky, Green and Barren rivers had been commenced. An appropriation was made for the Licking river, but in view of the ruinous condition of the works on Kentucky river, the appropriation had been expended on them, and not a dollar had yet been applied to the Licking river. This money had been contributed from the labor and the earnings of the

people of the Licking valley. They might now claim an appropriation to carry out the pledges of the State. But they did not demand this. All they ask is to give them the privilege of building this road with their own money, of opening a market to their products by their own enterprise. They asked nothing from the treasury. And should not this privilege be accorded them?

He next referred to the size of Covington which was to be the terminus of the road, and to its rapid growth. It was the third city in Kentucky, and would soon be the second. It was not as some gentlemen seemed to think, a mere suburb of Cincinnati, but a great town of itself. At the other extremity of the road, was Lexington, a great and increasing city, which would be equally benefited by the road.

The gentleman from Franklin, seemed to think that the profits of the road would never reach three or four per cent. From statistics which he had prepared of the amount of travel from Cincinnati to Louisville by steamboats, it might be seen how far this estimate was true. The river is impassable a great part of every season, from ice and low water. A large proportion of that travel would come by way of the rail road and swell its profits.

Mr. S. next referred to the history of railroad enterprise, and the unprecedented perfection which had been attained in this mode of communication. This road connecting with others which were in process of construction or which had been projected, would form the great thoroughfare between the north and the south.

After presenting numerous interesting details and statistics of railroad projects, with an eloquent appeal to the liberality, and the justice of the Legislature, Mr. S. concluded.

Mr. MERIWETHER doubted whether the State had the power to charter this road. He read from the act chartering the Charleston and Ohio railroad, by which the State agreed to authorize no road within a certain distance or between certain points, for thirty-six years.

On motion the committee rose, reported progress and had leave to sit again.

On motion of Mr. HAGGARD, Mr. ALNUT was added to the committee to visit the Lunatic Asylum.

On motion, the House adjourned.

TERRIBLE CATASTROPHE.—We are indebted to the fast-running steamer Saladin, which arrived at Louisville on Saturday night, for a slip from an extra of the Mobile Register, published on the afternoon of the 29th ult., detailing the following disastrous occurrence:

The steamer Tusculooza left our wharf about 8 o'clock, on Thursday evening, on her way to Tusculooza, and after proceeding about 10 or 11 miles up the river, an explosion of two of her boilers took place, which instantly killed several of the passengers many of the boat's crew and officers. From a passenger on board, we learn that the explosion completely tore up the boiler deck, and shattered the after part of the boat (below deck) considerably.

The boat, after the explosion, swung to the shore and grounded, her stern remaining nearly in the centre of the river. A line was made fast ashore from the stern, and an effort was made to bring her stern ashore so as to land her passengers, but owing to her grounding these efforts were unavailing. The ladies were then all lowered from the cabin by a rope to the lower deck, and from thence sent ashore in the yawl—all were saved unhurt.

Those of the male passengers who were uninjured saved themselves and many of the wounded, by constructing a temporary raft of loose planks, and such articles as were close at hand. On this, they reached the shore in safety. On landing, it was found impossible to obtain a dry footing, as the banks of the river were overtopped. In this condition, those who were able, climbed trees, etc., where they remained in view of the burning ruins for about three hours, when fortunately, the steamboat James Hewitt hove in sight, and was shortly alongside the wreck, when assistance was immediately given to all within reach. The Hewitt returned to the city with all the survivors.

The body of Lieutenant Inge was on board, and was lost.

Killed.—Wm. Tannehill, C. Chiles, and P. P. Beasley, of Eutaw; W. R. Hassell, of Greensboro; Blue Pastier, 2d clerk; —Clark, 1st mate, and Arthur McCoy, 2d engineer; Abraham Flynn, volunteer, from Green county, and several negro deckhands.

Badly Wounded.—Capt. E. P. Oliver, (not expected to survive) George Kirk, 1st clerk and acting captain of the Tusculooza, and Col. Wm. Armistead.

The New Orleans Mercury says:

We learn from a gentleman from Mobile, that Capt. Hamlett, of Green county Ala., is also badly wounded, and Major J. M. Winston, of Eutaw; Lipscomb Hadley and T. F. Goldsby, of Dallas, slightly.

General Advertisements.

FOREIGN PERIODICALS.

REPLICATION OF
THE LONDON QUARTERLY REVIEW,
THE EDINBURGH REVIEW,
THE FOREIGN QUARTERLY REVIEW,
THE WESTMINSTER REVIEW,
AND
BLACKWOOD'S EDINBURGH MAGAZINE.

The above Periodicals are reprinted in New York, immediately upon their arrival by the British steamers, in a beautiful clear type, on fine white paper, and are faithful copies of the originals. Blackwood's MAGAZINE being an exact fac-simile of the Edinburgh edition.

The wide spread fame of these splendid Periodicals, renders it needless to say much in their praise. As literary organs, they stand far in advance of any works of a similar stamp now published, while the political complexion of each is marked by a dignity, candor and forbearance not often found in works of a party character.

They embrace the views of the three great parties in England—Whig, Tory, and Radical—"Blackwood" and the "London Quarterly" are Tory; the "Edinburgh Review," Whig; and the "Westminster," Radical. The "Foreign Quarterly" is purely literary, being devoted principally to criticisms on foreign Continental Works.

The prices of the RE-PRINTS are less than one-third of those of the foreign copies, and while they are equally well got up, they afford all that advantage to the American over the English reader.

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For any three, do. 7.00 "
For all four of the Reviews, 8.00 "
For Blackwood's Magazine, 2.00 "
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For all four of the Reviews, 8.00 "
For Blackwood's Magazine, 2.00 "
For Blackwood's and the 4 Reviews, 10.00 "

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